THE VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

[SEPTEMBER 7, 1776.] WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by DIXON & HUNTER. [No. 1309.]

ANNAPOLIS, *Auguſt* 22.

Extract of a letter from CHARLESTOWN *(South Carolina) dated July* 31, 1776.

"WE are juſt now ſetting off for the burning lands of Georgia; an expedition is planned againſt part of Eaſt Florida: Two brothers of Governor Wright's, with many others, are entrenched, and have poſted themſelves on St. Mary's River, which divides Florida from Georgia; beſides a great number of Negroes they have of their own, others flock to them. Colonel Somer's regiment, from North Carolina, and Major White, of North Carolina, with two companies of volunteers, have marched, and Colonel Muchlenburg's regiment only waits for waggons to tranſport their baggage."

NEW YORK, *Auguſt* 22.

WE can aſſure the public, that the foreigners, in Burgoyne's army, are beginning to deſert in large numbers. About 60 of them, in a boat, came over to our troops the other day, at Ticonderoga.

WATERTOWN, *Auguſt* 12. We hear, that on Wedneſday laſt was ſent into Portſmouth, by the Hancock privateer of Philadelphia, a large ſhip (formerly a twenty gun ſhip) now mounting 14 guns, bound from Jamaica for London, having on board 700 hhds. of ſugar, and 200 of rum, beſides other valuables; a fine prize. We hear ſhe was taken by the following ſtratagem.——Juſt before duſk in the evening the Hancock came across her, the Captain of the prize taking the Hancock to be one of the tyrant's pilferers, was very much rejoiced to fall in with her, and doubtleſs *vice verſa*, when the Hancock at night threw out a light as a ſignal for a pilot. At day-light the next morning the Captain of the ſhip invited the Captain of the Hancock to come on board and take a breakfaſt; who replied, his hands were ſo few, and ſick, that he had not enough to man his boat and work the veſſel, and in his turn invited the Captain of the ſhip to come on board him, which he readily complied with, by ordering his boat out, when he and about a dozen of his hands went on board the Hancock, and were taken as good care of as men in ſuch circumſtances could allow. The Hancock then ſent an equal number of her own hands on board the ſhip, when, alas! ſhe fell into the hands of the United States of America.

PROVIDENCE, *Auguſt* 10. Tueſday laſt arrived here a prize ſhip taken by the Diamond privateer, of this port. She was bound from Dominica to Briſtol, and has on board 310 hhds. of ſugar, and 200 barrels of oil.——Another valuable prize, taken by the Montgomery, in conjunction with a Salem privateer, is arrived at Falmouth.

PHILADELPHIA, *Auguſt* 27.

LETTERS from Ticonderoga mention, that two deſerters from the Brunſwickers had come in, who ſay that many came off with them.

From the beſt accounts we find the force at Staten Iſland to be

General Howe from Halifax, with	8000
The Scotch, who embarked at Glaſgow for Boſton 3400, out of which 850 were taken by our cruiſers	2350
The defeated troops under Cornwallis & Clinton, from South Carolina, ſuppoſed not more than	2500
The two diviſions of Heſſians, Waldeckers, and Engliſh guards, which arrived on Monday the 12th inſtant,	9000
Lord Dunmore's ſcrubby fleet, about 30 fighting men, but with Negroes and Tories	150
Number of marines unknown.	
Total,	22,000

Ships, Aſia and Eagle of 64 guns, the Roebuck and Phœnix of 44, one bomb, and about 20 frigates and ſloops of war. They have alſo above 300 ſail of tranſports, ſtore ſhips, and prizes.

Extract of a letter from NEW YORK, *Auguſt* 19.

"A flag of truce came up on Saturday, to get liberty for Lord Drummond and three others to come on ſhore; Some will be allowed, but not his Lordſhip. He broke his parole. He wants to go to Congreſs to treat about reconciliation. The General ſent word, that if Lord Howe would ſend *a man of honour* to Congreſs, he would give him a paſſport."

Extract of a letter from TICONDEROGA, *July* 29.

"We are hard at work every day repairing the old French lines, that have once already been very fatal to the Britiſh army; and if they will but let us alone for two weeks, I think they will meet with as warm a reception here as ever they did. We have a general that is at once the ſoldier and the Gentleman, and a parcel of men that are determined to defend this place; ſo that let the enemy come when they will, they will get what they little expect."

We learn from New York, that on Thurſday evening there was a moſt violent ſtorm of thunder and lightning. Several officers and privates belonging to the regiment formerly commanded by General M'Dougal were unfortunately killed by it.

By ſundry letters from New York we are informed, that a body of about 10,000 Britiſh troops had landed on Long Iſland laſt Thurſday, that on Friday their advanced party was attacked by Col. Hand's regiment of riflemen, and beat them back with ſome loſs. That in the pocket of one of the killed was found a conſiderable ſum of gold; it is thought he is an officer of ſome diſtinction, though dreſſed as a common ſoldier. That a reinforcement of 6000 men had been ſent by General Waſhington to Long Iſland to annoy the enemy. That the enemy's ſhips only waited for a fair wind to move up to the city of New York, where an attack was hourly expected, and our troops in high ſpirits, waiting with impatience for it.

We learn further, that the German troops on Staten Iſland are much diſſatisfied with their preſent ſervice, and wiſh for a favourable opportunity of laying down their arms. Two or three of them it is ſaid have been executed on the iſland for refuſing to do duty in the preſent impious war.

Extract of a letter from ALBANY, *Auguſt* 19.

"An officer, who went on a reconnoitre to St. John's and Chamblee, fell in with a regular officer on horſeback alone, on the road between La Praire and St. John's, ſummoned him to ſurrender himſelf priſoner, but clapping ſpurs to his horſe rode off, the officer fired at and ſhot him. It turns out to be a General Gordon."

The above letter was received ſince Carleton's orders were firſt publiſhed by order of Congreſs.

Extract of a letter from the WEST INDIES, *Auguſt* 2.

"Capt. Weeks, of the continental ſhip Repriſal, arrived off St. Piere's, Martinique, on Sunday evening laſt, at which time the Shark ſloop of war, Capt. John Chapman, of ſixteen 9 pounders, juſt come out from England, was at anchor there, ſlipped his cables in purſuit of the ſhip with provincial colours, and coming pretty near, ordered them to ſtrike, giving her ſeveral ſhot, which were bravely returned by Capt. Weeks, and an engagement enſued, which laſted near an hour, when the Shark bore away and the provincial ſhip took the advantage of getting ſafe into harbour. Capt. Weeks had only one man wounded in the arm, by the burſting of a gun on board his ſhip. The loſs of the enemy is not known yet. Capt. Weeks on landing met with a joyful reception from the Commander in Chief to the pooreſt inhabitant, the concourſe of all ranks of people being very great on the occaſion.

"Capt. Chapman has ſince waited on the General to demand the ſhip for the King his maſter, as belonging to rebels and traitors. He was anſwered, that he had no orders of this kind, but on the contrary to protect them, which he would abide by. Capt. Chapman replied, if the ſhip was not given up it would be conſidered by his Majeſty as a full declaration of war on the part of France; and an expreſs is ſent home by the Admiral, at Antigua, in conſequence of this tranſaction.

"Capt. Weeks, on his paſſage from America, took three very valuable prizes, bound home from the Weſtern Iſlands; and as he put ſeveral men on board the prizes, to carry them into port, he had only 126 men in his ſhip at the time of the action.

"The 29th ult. a frigate arrived expreſs from Brest at Port Royal, with deſpatches to the General, to have every port in the French iſlands put in the beſt poſture of defence, and to protect, ſupport, defend, and give every aſſiſtance to the American veſſels, alſo to oppoſe any of his Britannic Majeſty's ſhips that ſhould offer to commit hoſtilities on their coaſts. What they mean by this you may eaſily conceive.

"The difference between Spain and Portugal increaſes daily, notwithſtanding France appears as a mediator. If the truth was known ſhe urges it on.

"We have the happineſs to acquaint you, that from every account we have ſeen, Capt. Weeks behaved extremely well, and has acquired much honour and reputation with the French at Martinique, many of whom were ſpectators of the whole affair."

The following letters and orders are published by order of the Hon. Congress of the American States.

HEAD QUARTERS, NEW YORK, *Aug.* 17, 1776.

MY LORD,

BEING authorized by Congress, as their commanders in every department are, to negotiate an exchange of prisoners, and presuming, as well from the nature of your Lordship's command, as the information General Howe has been pleased to honour me with, that the exchange in the naval line will be subject to your Lordship's direction, I beg leave to propose the following mode of exchange for your Lordship's consideration, viz. "Officers for those of equal rank, and sailors for sailors."

If the above proposal should be agreeable to your Lordship, I am charged, in a particular manner, to exchange any officer belonging to the British navy, in our hands, and of equal rank, for Lieutenant Josiah, who was lately made prisoner in a ship retaken by the Cerberus frigate.

The reason, my Lord, of my being charged to propose the exchange of Lieutenant Josiah in preference to that of any other officer, is, that authentic intelligence has been received, that, regardless of his rank as an officer, he has not only been subjected to the duties of a common seaman, but has experienced many other marks of indignity.

As a different line of conduct, my Lord, has been ever observed towards the officers of your navy, who have fallen into our hands, it becomes not only a matter of duty but of right in me to mention this to your Lordship, to the end that inquiry may be made into the case above referred to.

From your Lordship's character for humanity, I am led to presume, that the hardships imposed on Lieutenant Josiah are without either your knowledge or concurrence, and therefore most readily hope, that upon this representation, your Lordship will enjoin all officers under your command to pay such regard to the treatment of those that may fall into their hands, as their different ranks and situations may require, and such as your Lordship would wish to see continued by us to those who are already in our power, or who may hereafter, by the chance of war, be subjected to it.

I have the honour to be, my Lord,
Your Lordship's most obedient servant,
GEORGE WASHINGTON.

To the Right Honourable Lord Viscount HOWE,
Admiral and Commander in Chief of the British navy in America.

(Copy)

SIR, *Eagle, off Staten Island, August* 9. 1776

CONCURRING with the proposition you have been pleased to make in your favour of the 17th for an exchange of prisoners in my department, viz. "officers for those of equal rank, and sailors for sailors," I will take the liberty to propose an officer of the same rank of Lieutenant Josiah, when he arrives.

The Cerberus being absent, I have no other information respecting the situation of Mr. Josiah, than what is communicated in your letter. But the matter, you may be assured, shall be enquired into, and every attention paid to the rules of propriety, as well as the dictates of humanity, on all such occasions.

Principles and conduct form the true distinction of rank amongst men; yet, without a competent habit in the manners of the world, they are too liable to meet with unmerited disregard. But insult and indignities to persons of whatever rank, who are become parties in these unhappy disputes, cannot be justified, and are, I persuade myself, as much disapproved of by every officer under my command, as they can never cease to be by me.

I am, with great personal respect,
Sir, your most obedient humble servant,
HOWE.

To General GEORGE WASHINGTON, *&c. &c. &c.*

His Excellency General CARLETON'S ORDERS.

QUEBEC, *August* 4, 1776.

THE Commanding Officers of corps will take especial care every one under their command be informed, that letters or messages from rebels, traitors in arms against the King, rioters, disturbers of the public peace, plunderers, robbers, assassins, or murderers, are on no occasion to be admitted; that should emissaries from such lawless men again presume to approach the army, whether under the name of flag of truce-men or ambassadors, except when they come to implore the King's mercy, their persons shall be immediately seized and committed to close confinement, in order to be proceeded against as the law directs; their papers and letters, for whomsoever, even for the Commander in Chief are to be delivered to the Provost Marshal, that, unread and unopened, they may be burned by the hands of the common hangman: At the same time the Commander in Chief expects that neither the assassination of Brigadier General Gordon, nor the late notorious breach of faith, in resolving not to return the troops and Canadians taken at St. John's, in exchange for those rebels who fell into the hands of the savages at the Cedars and Quinchin, purchased from them at a great price, and restored to their country on those express conditions, be imputed to the provincials at large, but to a few wicked and designing men, who first deceived, then step by step misled the credulous multitude to the brink of ruin, afterwards usurped authority over them, established a despotic tyranny over them not to be borne, and now wantonly and foolishly endeavour to provoke the spilling the blood of our unhappy countrymen of this continent, in hopes of covering their own guilt, or confirming their tyranny, by the general destruction of their country. Let their crimes pursue those faithless, bloody minded men, who assert that black is white and white black; it belongs to Britons to distinguish themselves not less by their humanity than their valour; it belongs to the King's troops to save the blood of his deluded subjects, whose greatest fault perhaps is having been deceived by such men to their own destruction; it belongs to the Crown, it is the duty of all faithful servants of the Crown, to rescue from oppression, and restore to liberty, the once happy, free, and loyal people of this continent.

All prisoners from the rebellious provinces, who choose to return home, are to hold themselves in readiness to embark at a short notice. The commissary (Mr. Murray) shall visit the transports destined for them, and see that wholesome provisions, necessary clothing, and all possible convenience for their passage, be prepared for these unfortunate men. They are to look on their respective provinces as their prison, and there remain till farther enlarged, or summoned to appear befor the commander in chief of this province, or any other commander in chief for his Majesty for the time being, which summons they shall obey.

General Howe will regulate their place of landing.

E. FOY, Deputy Adjutant General.
(A true copy) FRANCIS CARR, clerk, Aid de Camp to Lieutenant General Burgoyne.

Extract of a letter from ST. EUSTATIA, *July* 11.

"While the Pomona frigate, Capt. Eastwood lay in this road, he sent a letter to our Governor, requesting leave to take possession of several American vessels, then in the road, two or three of which were loaded with powder, dry goods, &c. and ready to sail; the Governor informed him he could grant no such permission, and desired he might not attempt to commit any hostilities by offering a thing of this nature. The Governor and Council met on this occasion, and determined, that in future, if any English frigates or cruisers came within reach of the guns of any fort on this island, with intention to obstruct the trade, that the commanders of the different forts have orders to fire on them; the Pomona has kept within sight of this island ever since, but has not attempted to come within reach of the forts. Mr. Degraff (our late Secretary) is appointed Governor of this island, his commission is expected out by first vessel from Holland, and it is thought he will do every thing in his power for the protection of trade."

Extract of another letter from ST. EUSTATIA, *July* 27.

"Captain Patterson in a ship from this for Amsterdam, late belonging to your place was carried into the Downs, about the 10th of May by a cutter, and was lying there two weeks when the last accounts came from Holland, but it was unknown what would be done with her. There was no passing or repassing up or down the English channel for cruisers, and every step taken to intercept the American vessels. The people of Holland begin to think very serious of the dispute between England and America, and are somewhat apprehensive of their property in the English funds, this I have from the Dutch merchants letters to their friends here. Should their fears continue it must shake the foundation of national credit, and I hope in the end produce a general bankruptcy."

Extract of a letter from ALBANY, *August* 12.

"I find the more thinking sort of people do not credit the news of the French fleet being in St. Lawrence's river, they rather think it is a story given out by Burgoyne to put our people off their guard. This day we have advice that there are 2000 Indians with General Schuyler, that he began the conference with them last Tuesday.

Extract of a letter from TICONDEROGA, *July* 29.

"We are impatiently expecting the return of the flag, sent by General Gates to Carleton, with the declaration of independency; also a requisition for the delivery of Foster and his party, that they may receive such punishment as their conduct merits, in suffering the savages inhumanly to butcher the captives, in direct violation of the capitulation entered into by General Arnold at the Cedars."

Col. Beedle and Major Butterfield, for bad conduct, are broke, and rendered incapable of holding a commiſſion in the army of the United States; and Capt. Wentworth, for diſobedience of orders, is caſhiered.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Sept.* 7.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman at BALTIMORE.

"A CONTINENTAL ſhip arrived with our veſſel in Delaware, with 2200 ſtand of arms and 1500 bolts of canvas, and full with other ſtores.-----There has been an action off Martinico (in ſight of St. Piere) between the Repriſal, Capt. Weeks, of 16 ſix pounders, and the Shark ſloop, of juſt the ſame force. The combat laſted half an hour, when the Shark was obliged to retreat with the loſs of 14 men killed, and the Repriſal entered the port in triumph, amidſt the acclamations of the whole people, who received Captain Weeks with the utmoſt politeneſs, from the Gentleman down to the barber."

Extract of a letter from NEWBERN *(North Carolina) Auguſt* 19.

"A few days ago we received an account in town, that very lately, on the banks, not far from Roanoke inlet, about 25 men were landed from ſome veſſel of war, for the purpoſe (it is ſuppoſed) of making free with a few of the cattle. Captain Dennis Dauge, who commands an independent company between Currituck and Roanoke, attacked them, killed ſome, and took the reſt priſoners."

Extract of a letter from General SULLIVAN *to General* WASHINGTON *at* NEW YORK, *dated* LONG ISLAND, *Auguſt* 23, 1776.

"This afternoon the enemy formed, and attempted to paſs the road by Bedford; a ſmart fire between them and the riflemen enſued. The officer ſent off for a reinforcement, which I ordered immediately. A number of muſketry came up to the aſſiſtance of the riflemen, whoſe fire, with that of our field-pieces, cauſed a retreat of the enemy. Our men followed them to the houſe of judge Lifford, where a number of them had taken lodgings, drove them out, burnt the houſe, and a number of other buildings contiguous. They think they killed a number, and an evidence of it they produce: Three officers hangers, a carbine, and one dead body, with a conſiderable ſum of money in his pocket. I have ordered a party out for priſoners to night. We have driven them half a mile from their former ſtation."

Engraved on a Tomb Stone in ——— *Churchyard.*

CAT'RINE, my quondam Wife, lies here:
Nature, at parting, dropp'd a Tear.
Should ſhe for Wife again be giv'n,
'Twould turn to Hell my Seat in Heav'n.

† The printers of this paper have a few books of GOLD LEAF for ſale.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILLIAMSBURG, *September* 3, 1776.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the Honourable the COURT of ADMIRALTY, will be ſold on *Monday* the 23d Inſtant, for ready Money, the Sloop FRIENDSHIP, now lying in *Yeocomico* River, in *Weſtmoreland* County, with her Rigging, Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, together with a twelve Hhd. FLAT; alſo the Schooner NEPTUNE, with her Rigging, *&c. &c.* and the Pilot Boat JANE JOHNSON, with her Rigging, *&c. &c.* The above mentioned Veſſels, with their Appurtenances, may be ſeen by applying to Captain *John Sherman Woodcock*, near where the ſaid Veſſels lie.

2 BENJAMIN POWELL, Marſhal.

THOMAS JOHNSON, *of* BRUNSWICK,

WHO is well known for his Abilities in the Cure of the Flux, gives Notice that he alſo cures the following Diſorders, *viz.* the Spleen, Cholic, Aſthma, and any Kind of Fevers, the Ague and Fever, lingering Diſorders, bad Coughs, Scurvy, any Kind of running Humours or ſcorbutic Diſorders, the Yaws and *French* Diſorder without Salivation, ſore Legs, Dropſy, Scurvy in the Gums, and has the greateſt Reaſon to believe he can cure the Conſumption if timely applied to. He uſes very few Medicines extept what he makes himſelf. (2)

By the Hon. JOHN PAGE, *Eſq; Lieutenant Governor of the Commonwealth of* VIRGINIA:

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS *BENJAMIN WOODWARD*, late of the Pariſh of *Bath*, in the County of *Dinwiddie*, Silverſmith, having been duly examined at a Court for that Purpoſe, held in the ſaid County, on Suſpicion of having felonioufly counterfeited the continental, *Virginia*, and *North Carolina* Paper Currencies, was remanded to Gaol to be tried for the ſaid Offence, and eſcaped therefrom: I have therefore thought fit, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Council of State of the ſaid Commonwealth, to iſſue this Proclamation, charging and commanding all Conſtables, Sheriffs, and other Officers throughout the ſaid Commonwealth, to make diligent Search and Inquiry after the ſaid *Benjamin Woodward*, and him, when found, to convey to the public Gaol in the City of *Williamſburg*. And I do farthermore, by theſe Preſents, offer a Reward of FIFTY POUNDS, to be paid unto whatever Perſon or Perſons ſhall apprehend the ſaid *Benjamin Woodward*, and ſecure him in the ſaid public Gaol.

GIVEN *under my Hand and Seal, at the Council Chamber, in the ſaid City of* Williamſburg, *the* 30*th Day of* Auguſt 1776 33. 37. am
: Towell Captain, bound

*** The ſaid *Benjamin Woodward* is about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, about 30 Years of Age, of a pale Complexion, has Cheſtnut coloured Hair, well proportioned, looks grave, and has an inſinuating Manner of Addreſs.

BY Order of the Honourable the COURT of ADMIRALTY, will be ſold on *Saturday* the 21ſt Inſtant, at *Burdett's* Wharf, on *Chingoteague*, in *Accomack* County, for ready Money, ELEVEN THOUSAND GALLONS OF MOLOSSES, imported in the *Betſey*.

Sept. 5, 1776. 2 BEN: POWELL, Marſhal.

JOURNEYMEN TAILORS, who underſtand their Buſineſs, will meet with Encouragement from the Subſcriber, in *Williamſburg*. (1*) THOMAS ORRELL.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, the ſecond Week in *May* laſt, a Servant Man named JOHN NEWTON, about 20 Years of age, 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, ſlender made, is an *Iſiatic Indian* by Birth, has been about twelve Months in *Virginia*, but lived ten Years (as he ſays) in *England*, in the Service of Sir *Charles Whitworth*. He wears long black Hair, which inclines to curl, tied behind, and pinned up at the Sides; has a very ſour Look, and his Lips project remarkably forward. He left his Maſter on the Road from *Williamſburg*, between *King William* Courthouſe and *Todd's Bridge*, where he was left behind to come on ſlowly with a tired Horſe (which I have been informed is ſince dead) but has never made his Appearance at Home. He had on a Beaver Hat, much worn, a ſhort Poſtilion's Coat lapelled, and a Waiſtcoat of light brown Frieze, with common flat Metal Buttons, Country made Shoes and Stockings, and a Pair of large ſingle rimmed Pinchbeck Buckles. He has been at *Richmond*, *Williamſburg*, and in other Parts of the Country, in the Service of Mr. *George Rootes of Frederick*, and Colonel *Blackburn* of *Prince William*, of whom I had him; and as he is a good Barber and Hair-Dreſſer, it is probable he may endeavour to follow thoſe Occupations as a free Man. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and ſecures him in Gaol, giving me information thereof, ſo that I may get him again, ſhall have EIGHT DOLLARS Reward; and if delivered to me at *Weſtwood*, in *Prince William*, further reaſonable Charges, paid by WILLIAM BROWN.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Auguſt* 31, 1776.

A Perſon in this City would give ready Money for one or two NEGRO BOYS that are fit to be put to Trades. Inquire of the Printers of this Paper. (2†)

TAKEN up, in *Surry*, a BRINDLED BULL about 4 Years old, unmarked, has ſome White under his Belly, and a white Spot on his left Thigh. Poſted, and appraiſed to 21. 19s.

(1) JOHN WATKINS, Junior.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Spotſylvania*, laſt *April*, a Negro Man named LEN, about 19 Years old, 5 Feet 5 inches high, ſtutters in his Speech, has an impudent Look, a wide Mouth, and a Scar over one of his Eyes. Whoever delivers the ſaid Slave to me ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward.

(2‖) SAMUEL COLEMAN.

TAKEN up, in *Spotſylvania*, a BLACK HORSE about 5 Feet high, ſuppoſed to be 10 Years old, a ſmall Star in his Forehead, appears to have been lately much worked, ſhod before, is a natural Pacer, and branded on the near Buttock I F. Poſted, and appraiſed to 27l. 10s.

(2‖) RICHARD COLEMAN.

WANTED immediately, two Journeymen Cabinet-Makers; likewiſe three or four Journeymen who are acquainted with making Flax Wheels. Such Perſons will meet with good Encouragement by applying to the Subſcribers, in *Williamſburg*.

‖ JAMES HONEY & RICHARD HARROCKS.

FOR SALE,

THE Houſes and Lots in *Peterſburg*, formerly advertiſed by Mr. *Richard Hanſon*. For Terms apply to

8 ROGER ATKINSON.
RICHARD TAYLOR.

ANY Perſon who wants to buy either Waggon, Chair, or Riding HORSES, and a good WAGGON and GEAR, may be ſupplied by applying to my Managers at the Tavern near the College formerly kept by Mrs. *Camp*.

(tf) MATTHEW MARABLE.

SUSSEX, *Auguſt* 16, 1776.

WHEREAS I gave Mr. *John Cole* a Bond for nineteen Pounds, dated *Auguſt* 15th, 1776, payable upon certain Conditions, and have Reaſon to believe it is not in his Power to comply with them: This is to forewarn all Perſons from taking an Aſſignment of the ſame, as I am determined not to pay it unleſs he fulfils the Engagement.

JOHN HARGROVE.

For SALE, by JOHN THOMSON, *in* PETERSBURG,

RHUBARB and Jalap
Glauber and Epſom Salts
Peruvian Bark and Sago
Jalap and Antimony
Shavings of Hartſhorn
Tartar Emetic and Cantharides
Spirits of Turpentine
Oil of Peppermint and ſweet Oil
Oil of Cinnamon and Caſtor Oil
Balſam Capivi and Peru
Salt of Wormwood and Tartar
Ounce Meaſures
Fine Searches
Pewter Clyſter Syringes
Gallipots and *Penis* Syringes
Screws and Turniquettes
A few Groſs of Pint & ½ Picklers
Mercury and Volatile Salts
Spirits of Hartſhorn
Spirits of Lavender
Roſin and Ethiop's Mineral
Red Precipitate and Myrrh
Senna and Manna
China and Sarſaparella
Gum Arabic and Camphor
Liquid Laudanum and Magneſia
Orange Peel and Gentian Root
Camomile Flowers
Caſtile Soap and Tamarinds
Aniſeed, Piments, and Sponge
Neat Flint Bottles with ground Stoppers
Marble and Glaſs Mortars
Fine Tow and Glaſs Funnels
Logwood, Redwood, and Madder
Vermilion and Pruſſian Blue
Lamblack and Painters Bruſhes

(1)

To be ſold, at public Auction, purſuant to the laſt Will and Teſtament of Mr. John Todd Bickerton, *deceaſed, at* Bedford *Courthouſe, on Monday the* 23*d of* September *next, being Court Day,*

A TRACT of LAND on *Falling* River, in ſaid County, containing 1608 Acres, with a Plantation and Improvements thereon. Twelve Months Credit will be allowed, the Purchaſer giving Bond, with approved Security, to (8) THE EXECUTORS.

N. B. Mrs. *Martha Irwin* claims Dower in the above Land.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Auguſt* 24, 1776.

JOURNEYMEN GUNSMITHS and BLACKSMITHS will meet with good Encouragement from the Subſcriber. Likewiſe are wanting 8 or 10 healthy BOYS as Apprentices. (tf) JAMES ANDERSON.

COMMITTED to the Gaol of *Cheſterfield*, a middle ſized Negro Man who ſays his Name is WILL, that he belongs to *Richard Winn* of *Mecklenburg* County, that he formerly belonged to *Lewis Burwell*, and lived at *Burwell's* Ferry, and went from there laſt Fall. The Owner is deſired to prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away.

JAMES BALL, Gaoler.

For SALE,

OSNABRUGS, Ticklingburgs, Checks, Sheeting, Muſlin, Calimanco, Crowningburg, Women's Worſted Hoſe, do. black furred Hats, Velvet Hoods, Buckram, Silk and Worſted Ferreting, Binding, Buttons, coloured Thread, Silk Twiſt, Jacket Patterns, Worſted Crewel, common Necklaces and Bugles, black Gimp, Fans, Hair Sifters, men's coarſe and fine Hats, *Scotch* Snuff, beſt ſcented Rappee do. chewing Tobacco, Mantelets, Silk Capuchines, Knee Garters, Buckram, Razor Strops, Bruſhes and Wires for Muſkets, Thread Laces, Shoe Thread, Obſervations on Civil Liberty, *Britiſh* Tyranny, or *American* Liberty triumphant, *Watts's* Hymns and Pſalms, Pſalters, Hiſtories, Pocket-Books, Cutteaus, Fifes, common Sleeve Buttons, Shoe Buckles, Braſs Chair Nails, Tobacco and Snuff Boxes, Deſk and Cupboard Locks, Croſs Garnet and Dove-Tail Hinges, Bridle Bits, Stirrup Irons, Centre and Wimble Bits, Cork Screws, Snuffers, Awl Blades, Shoe Nippers, Steel Pencil Caſes, Spectacles, Fiſhing Tackle, Jews Harps, Slate Pencils, Tailors and Women's Thimbles, *Whitechapel* Needles, Tenon Saws, Hand Saws, Saw Reſts, Tongs and Shovels, Augars and Gouges, Bricklayers Trowels, Tea Kettles, Pewter Diſhes, Tin Dripping-Pans, Cullenders, Egg Slices, Stone Bottles, Water Pitchers, Queen's China Diſhes, Tea Pots and Sugar Diſhes, Glaſs Bowls and Tumblers, Wine Glaſſes, Punch Ladles, Rings and Caſters, Iron Spice Mortars, Narrow Hoes, Indigo, Pimenta, Coffee, Sole Leather, Harneſs do. Calf Skins, Men's ſtrong Shoes, a few Medicines, and ſome other Trifles, too tedious to mention.

MATTHEW ANDERSON.

GLOUCESTER, *Auguſt* 15, 1776.

AMHERST, *June* 6, 1776.

RUN from the Subſcriber, the 15th of laſt Month, a remarkably ſtrong well made Negro Fellow named BEN, formerly the Property of Mr. *John Nicholas* of *Buckingham*, 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, 30 Years old, with thick Legs, a ſurly Countenance, hoarſe Voice, and works at the Carpenter's and Shoemaker's Trades. He paſſed laſt Fall, at *Frederickſburg*, for a free Man, by the Name of *John Savage*, and has an *Indian* Woman for his Wife who ſome Time ago lived in *Goochland*. It is probable they are together, as ſhe ſold off, and moved from her late Dwelling Place in *Albemarle*, a few Days before the Fellow ran away. Any Perſon that will deliver the above Slave to Mr. *John Nicholas* in *Buckingham*, or the Subſcriber in *Amherſt*, ſhall receive THREE POUNDS Reward, and what the Law allows.

(12‖) PATRICK ROSE.

WANTED, at *Hunter's* Iron Works, the Falls of *Rappahannock* River, in the Manufactory of ſmall Arms, a Number of Hands who underſtand the File, alſo Anchor Smiths, Blackſmiths, and Nailers, to whom ſuitable Encouragement will be given; where may be had, for ready Money only, Bar Iron, Fullers Shears, Files, and a Variety of Articles made in the Iron Branch, and where Tradeſmen of every Kind, who incline to ſettle, may have Half Acre Lots of Land at a ſmall Ground Rent for ever, and may be aſſiſted in building, Proviſions, and Materials, and the Produce of their Labour taken in Payment for the ſame. Apply to *John Strode*, Manager of ſaid Works. (10)